

A Study on Addressing Barrier to Online Grocery Shopping in Ramanathapuram Through Ui/Ux Enhancements

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Abstract- Online grocery shopping has gained popularity worldwide, but in regions like Ramanathapuram, several barriers hinder its adoption. This study explores the challenges faced by consumers and examines how user interface (UI) enhancements can improve the overall shopping experience. A survey of 50 respondents identified key challenges and various tools were used like weighted, chi and correlation to analyze regional factors, shopping preferences, and obstacles such as complicated app navigation, limited local grocery options, and a preference for physical stores. Findings indicate that different age groups face varying UI-related challenges, with younger consumers experiencing issues with app complexity and older users struggling with accessibility features. Key UI improvements, such as better search filters, simplified checkout processes, and local product availability, are identified as essential enhancements. The research concludes that addressing these UI limitations can significantly boost online grocery adoption in Ramanathapuram by making platforms more user-friendly and culturally relevant. The study provides actionable recommendations for developers and businesses to design more accessible, localized, and efficient online grocery platforms.

Keywords- Online grocery shopping, User interface

I. INTRODUCTION

Online grocery shopping platforms allow users to buy groceries through the internet, making it easy to shop from home. Users can choose from fruits, vegetables, packaged goods, and other essentials. These platforms offer services like home delivery, easy payments, and scheduled deliveries, connecting consumers with local or national suppliers, saving time compared to traditional shopping. Some platforms also provide extra features like recipe suggestions and personalized shopping lists. The growth of online shopping has been driven by technology, changing habits, and the need for convenience, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. Online grocery shopping heavily depends on good UI/UX design to make the process easy and enjoyable for users.

UI (User Interface) is about how the product looks, including buttons, icons, and menus, while UX (User Experience) is about how the product feels, focusing on making it easy, efficient, and enjoyable to use. Good UI makes the product visually appealing, while

good UX ensures users can use it smoothly. Both are essential for creating a positive experience. A clear and simple interface helps users find and buy products quickly. Features like search bars, filters, and personalized recommendations save time and improve convenience. A smooth checkout process with secure payment options builds trust. Responsive designs ensure the platform works well on all devices, and accessibility features cater to all users, including those with disabilities. Overall, good UI/UX makes online grocery shopping faster, easier, and more enjoyable. In Ramanathapuram, offline grocery shopping dominates as online adoption remains slow due to trust issues, poor UI/UX design, and regional challenges. This study aims to identify the barriers preventing online grocery shopping adoption and focusing on UI/UX enhancements for Ramanathapuram consumers.

Statement of the Problem

The rapid growth of online grocery shopping has transformed the retail industry, offering convenience and a wide product selection. However, this transition remains slow in Ramanathapuram due to several

challenges when interacting with these platforms due to regional-specific factors and also challenges stem from a lack of regionally tailored UI/UX design, which fails to meet the specific needs, preferences, and cultural context of users in Ramanathapuram, leading to frustration, decreased usage, and a lack of trust. These issues emphasize the importance of creating user-friendly and region-specific solutions to enhance the accessibility and uptake of online grocery shopping in Ramanathapuram. Hence, this study aims to address these issues by exploring how UI/UX improvements can enhance user experience and increase the adoption of online grocery shopping in Ramanathapuram, making it more accessible, user-friendly, and trustworthy for Ramanathapuram residents.

Objectives of the Study

- A study on addressing barriers to online grocery shopping in ramanathapuram Through UI/UX enhancements
- To study the current user experience (UX) design across local grocery platforms
- To understand how cultural and local preferences influence consumer expectations for UI/UX design.
- To identify how regional factors affecting the online grocery shopping experience in ramanathapuram
- To suggest UI/UX improvements for a better online grocery shopping interface

II. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Kumar et al. (2024), in their research "The Role of Mobile Optimization in Online Grocery Platforms," focused on the mobile-first approach that grocery retailers have adopted. The study found that mobile apps are critical for retaining consumers in emerging markets, with features such as voice search, regional language support, and mobile-specific promotions being key drivers of growth. Their findings suggest that retailers investing in user-friendly mobile platforms can tap into new demographics and increase retention.

Mishra & Verma (2023), in their study, "Role of User Interface Design and Trust Factors". The study examined how UI design affects e-commerce adoption in rural India, highlighting challenges with unfamiliar interfaces. The study stressed the need for trust-building elements and recommended UI adjustments focused on security and ease of use to boost adoption.

Beldad & Hegner (2022), in their research "Next-Generation Personalization in Online Grocery Shopping," analyzed the impact of AI and machine learning on customer engagement. They found that platforms using AI to predict customer preferences and offer tailored promotions increased satisfaction and loyalty. Dynamic pricing based on shopping behavior was also highlighted as a key strategy.

Gefen et al. (2021), in their updated work "Building Consumer Trust in Online Grocery Platforms," emphasized the importance of transparent delivery tracking, easy return policies, and responsive customer support in fostering consumer loyalty.

Beldad & Hegner (2020), in their research "Personalization in Online Grocery Shopping," highlighted the role of AI-driven recommendations. Their study found that tailored promotions, reminders for frequently purchased items, and personalized shopping lists significantly improved customer retention and satisfaction.

Miller, S. (2019), in his study on "User Interface Customization for Rural Markets: Addressing Local Needs in E-commerce". Miller's research explores how UI customization according to local needs—such as including familiar icons, color schemes, and culturally relevant symbols—can make platforms more engaging for rural users.

Correlation Analysis

Correlation analysis is a statistical method that is used to discover if there is a relationship between two variables/datasets. It is also used to understand the nature of relationship between two individual variables, and how strong that relationship may be. Since this research aims to analyze the significance relationship among the different factors contributing to barriers online grocery shopping.

Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation

The Pearson correlation coefficient represents the relationship between two variables, measured on the same interval or ratio scale. It measures the strength of the relationship between the two continuous variables. The coefficient not only states the presence or absence of the correlation between two variables but also determines the exact extent to which those variables are correlated. A positive correlation result means both variables increase in relation to each other and a negative correlation results that when one variable decreases, the other increases. The formula for coefficient is

$$r = \frac{x - (\quad)}{(\quad)} \frac{y - (\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Occupation	Student	Employed	Business People	Home Maker	Total
X	31	10	5	4	50
Usage	Less Than 3 Months	3-6 Months	6-1 Year	Never Used	Total
Y	18	17	9	6	50

Calculation of Correlation

X	2	Y	2	XY
31	961	18	324	558
10	100	17	289	170
5	25	9	81	45
4	16	6	36	24
= 5	=5	$N_y=50$	$N_y=73$	$NNN=79$
			0	4

The relationship between Occupation and Grocery usage are positively correlated with the magnitude 0.76

Findings

- It is concluded that majority of respondents 40% belongs to age group 21–30 years.
- It's found that the majority of the respondents are female category (92%) ü It's found that majority 52% of respondents are undergraduate.
- It's clear that the majority of 48% of the respondents choose student as their profession.
- It's clear that the majority 64% of the respondents were unmarried.
- It's found that the majority 40% is the group of 3–5 members in a family.
- It's found that the monthly income of majority of 44% of the respondents are within the Rs. 3000 – Rs.6000.
- It's found that the majority 48% of the respondents are buying groceries mostly in physical stores, but sometimes online.
- It's found that the majority 30% of the respondents use less than 3 months and some 6 month–1 year
- It's found that the majority 40% of the respondents were rarely purchase groceries on online.
- It's found that the majority 40% of the respondents are buying snacks & packaging foods.
- It's found that the majority 68% of the respondents are preferring cash on delivery payment method.

- It's found that the majority 38% of the respondents are facing limited grocery store option challenge.
- It's found that the majority 50% of the respondents are rating neutral experience.
- It's found that the majority 52% of the respondents are sometimes affect by delivery availability.
- It's found that the majority 34% of the respondents opinion are no , they don't offer local products.
- It's found that the majority 34% of the respondents are facing high delivery charges in district like Ramanathapuram
- It's found that the majority 36% of the respondents gives very important to Tamil language support on online grocery shopping platforms.
- It's found that the majority 44% of the respondents are influenced by the festival – cultural traditions for buying groceries.
- It's found that the majority 42% of the respondents gives both very important and neutral to the festival – specific needs on online grocery platforms.
- It's found that the majority 30% of the respondents gives neutral to user friendliness of online grocery platforms.
- It's found that the majority 32% of the respondents opined that product details are unclear.
- It's found that the majority 56% of the respondents prefer local grocery app if it will designed specifically for Ramanathapuram consumers.
- On the basis of weighted arithmetic mean towards the importance of UI features indicates that the importance level of respondents towards search and filter is moderate.
- On the basis of weighted arithmetic mean towards the importance of UI features indicates that the importance level of respondents towards clear product details is moderate.
- On the basis of weighted arithmetic mean towards the importance of UI features indicates that the importance level of respondents towards voice search option is moderate.
- On the basis of weighted arithmetic mean towards the importance of UI features indicates that the importance level of respondents towards checkout process is moderate
- On the basis of weighted arithmetic mean towards the importance of UI features indicates that the importance level of respondents

towards order tracking and delivery updates is moderate.

- The coefficient of correlation applied for a testing hypothesis, it is a positive correlation between purchasing frequency and user friendliness of online grocery apps.
- The chi-square test has been applied to find out whether there is a significant difference between age and challenges faced by the respondents. The null hypothesis framed that there is no significant difference between age and challenges while shopping. The calculated value of chi square 20.04 is more than the table value 16.9 . Therefore, hypothesis rejected.

Suggestions

- Partner with local grocery stores to increase product availability
- Enhance product descriptions with clear details and images.
- Offer Tamil language support for better accessibility.
- Optimize app speed, navigation, and search filters
- Lower delivery costs with bulk order discounts and subscription plans
- Offer festival-themed grocery bundles and seasonal discounts
- Develop a grocery app tailored to Ramanathapuram consumers

III. CONCLUSION

This study provides insights into consumer preferences , challenges and the the growing role of online platforms. While online grocery shopping is gaining traction, many consumers still prefer physical stores due to factors like limited local product availability, high delivery charges, and unclear product details. Cultural influences, language support, and festival-specific needs also play a role in shaping shopping behavior.

In conclusion, enhancing online grocery platforms through better logistics, expanded product offerings, and improved user experience can drive higher adoption. The growing interest in a locally tailored grocery app highlights the need for customized solutions, ensuring a more efficient and accessible grocery shopping experience.

By leveraging these insights, businesses and policymakers can create a more efficient, accessible, and user-friendly grocery shopping ecosystem,

ultimately driving greater consumer satisfaction and market growth.

Future Scope

The future scope of this project extends to enhancing user experience, expanding accessibility, and addressing key consumer challenges. Strengthening local grocery availability through regional supplier partnerships and catering to cultural shopping preferences will further increase consumer engagement. The development of a dedicated local grocery app, incorporating AI-driven recommendations, voice search, and performance optimization, presents a significant opportunity to meet evolving consumer expectations. With advancements in technology and a focus on regional needs, this project has the potential to revolutionize the grocery shopping experience, making it more accessible, efficient, and tailored to consumer demands.

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Desai and Shah (2017), in their study" Designing User-Centric Interfaces for Rural Ecommerce Platforms: Insights from the Indian Context" . This paper highlights the importance of user-centered design for e-commerce platforms targeting rural consumers. The researchers stress intuitive navigation, expanded clickable areas, language localization, and familiar product categories for an accessible shopping experience.

Jones, C., & Harris, J. (2017) , in their study "Reducing Cognitive Load in E-commerce: The Impact on Rural Consumers".This study examines how reducing cognitive load by simplifying product categories and minimizing extraneous information improves the user experience, particularly for rural consumers who may struggle with complex online shopping platforms.

Patel. S. and Bhatt, M. (2016) ,in their study on "Understanding the Rural Consumer's Journey: A Look into Online Grocery Shopping Behavior" Patel and Bhatt focus on the customer journey for rural consumers, identifying challenges from awareness to postpurchase. They emphasize the importance of educating users about the benefits of online grocery shopping through targeted campaigns.

Hsieh, H., and Huang, W. (2015) in their study "Enhancing Trust through Transparent Design in Online Grocery Shopping".Hsieh and Huang investigate how transparent designs, such as displaying product details, certifications, and third-party reviews, can foster trust among rural consumers. They found that trust significantly impacts adoption, with transparency leading to increased user confidence in online shopping platforms.

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Prospects

Author: Sakshi Mishra Shukla

Source: Indian Journal of Computer Science

Summary: Focusing on Tier-II cities, this paper explores consumer perceptions of online grocery shopping, highlighting factors such as product variety, discounts, convenience, and challenges like delivery reliability and trust issues.

2. **Exploring Consumer Behavior, Logistics Challenges, and Technological Innovations in Online Grocery Shopping: A Comprehensive Review**

Authors: Hitarthsinh Vaja et al.

Source: Siber Journal of Transportation and Logistics

Summary: This research examines how logistics challenges and technological innovations affect consumer satisfaction and loyalty in online grocery shopping, particularly in Ahmedabad, India. It emphasizes the need for improved logistics services to enhance customer experiences.

3. **Indian Shoppers' Attitude Towards Grocery Shopping Apps: A Survey Conducted on Smartphone Users**

Author: Debarun Chakraborty

Source: Metamorphosis

Summary: The study investigates Indian consumers' attitudes towards grocery shopping apps, analyzing factors that influence their adoption and usage patterns.

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